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Choosing Effective Examples and Analogies

PROBLEM SET

1. For each of the following topics, give an analogy to suit a general audience.
 - a. A 12-inch snowfall
 - b. Two numbers at opposite ends of a distribution
 - c. An erratic pattern of change
 - d. Something moving rapidly
 - e. A few things
 - f. Something very heavy
 - g. Prices that are rising rapidly
 - h. Something that has been level for a long time and then declines suddenly and substantially
 - i. A repetitive pattern
2. Repeat the previous question but for a scientific audience in your field.
3. Devise short phrases to convey the concept of small size to the people listed below.
 - a. A cooking aficionado
 - b. A gardening nut
 - c. An artist
 - d. A sports fanatic
4. Each of the following analogies would work better for some audiences than others. Name a suitable audience, an unsuitable audience, and an improved analogy for the latter group.
 - a. "The size of a Palm Pilot"
 - b. "The gasoline shortage of the early 1970s"
5. For each of the following topics, state whether information from Illinois in 1990 would be useful as a numeric example. If so, give an example of a type of contrast in which that information could be used.
 - a. Chicago in 1990
 - b. Illinois in 2000
 - c. Illinois schoolchildren in 1990
 - d. Iowa voters in 2004

6. Your state is considering three alternative income tax scenarios: a stable tax rate (at 5%), an increase of 0.5 percentage points, and an increase of 1.0 percentage points. Your local representative wants to know how each scenario would affect low-, moderate-, and high-income residents.
 - a. What criteria could you use to define “low,” “moderate,” and “high” income?
 - b. What kinds of numeric contrasts would you use to compare the different scenarios?
 - c. Create a table to present those effects to the government budget agency.
 - d. Create a chart to illustrate the effects to citizens of the state.

7. State whether a one-unit increase would be a useful contrast for each of the following topics. If not, suggest a more reasonable increment.
 - a. Annual income (in dollars) for a family of four in the United States in 2004
 - b. A Likert scale measuring extent of agreement with a gun control law
 - c. Cholesterol level in milligrams per deciliter (mg/dL)
 - d. Proportionate increase in the unemployment rate
 - e. Hourly minimum wage (in dollars) in the United States in 2004

8. Zimmerman (2003) reports that the mean combined (verbal + math) SAT score for Williams College students in the classes of 1990–2001 was 1,396 points, with a standard deviation of 123. He estimates an OLS regression model of college GPA, with combined SAT score as an independent variable. Select a pair of plausible values to use as inputs for an illustration of effect size. (See problem set to chapter 9 for full citation.)